TARIFF WIND HAS SHIFTED

It Blows Merrily Now from the Disagreement Quarter.

SITUATION NOWISE IMPROVED

Calculations That an Agreement Would Be Reached Yesterday Upset-House Conferees Insist on Coal Free and Iron Ore Dutiable-Cleveland Has Not Interfered.

The Democratic tariff conference had expected to be able to announce an agreement yesterday. Instead of reaching any definite conclusion the day closed with the bill in quite as uncertain a state as ever before in its history, with the situation in newise improved, and with the feeling between the friends of the Senate bill and the house bill intensified instead of allayed, and with no one prepared to say what the outcome would be, or when the end would be reached.

It was apparent at the very beginning of the conference that those who had come to the conclusion Wednesday night that an agreement would be arrived at had not taken sufficiently into account the possibility of a misunderstanding or a change of mind. This discovery was made when the Senate conferees prepared to go on with the bill upon the basis of a duty of 40 cents per ten on coal and free iron ore, whereupon the House conferees announced their unwillingness to accept this arrangement, and stated that they would insist upon a reversal of these terms with coal free and iron ore dutiable, if either was to be, as they understood that they were to have a choice between the two.

The avowal of this position produced immediate confusion, and led to an exchange of remarks which were not altogether polite. The Senate conferees thereupon decided to report the state of affairs to the conservative Senators, and when the conferees adjourned quiled Senators Gorman, Brice, Smith, and Murphy into consultation. The whole situation was outlined to them. agreement would be arrived at had not taken

HOUSE WANTS THE WHOLE LOAP. They were not only made acquainted with the demand of the House conferees for free coal, but were also given to understand that other material concessions would be expected by the House conferees along the en-tire line of the bill, including woolens, cot-tons, metals, glass, and earthenware. They decided upon an emphatic negative in reply to these propositions, saying that if the body of the bill was not preserved virtually as it passed the Senate, the report of the confer-ence, when made, would not be accepted by the Senate.

the Senate.

Senator Brice proposed an innovation in the shape of a proposition that the House conferees be given an opportunity to secure free sugar. His idea in detail was that the Senate conferees should volunteer to recede senate conserces should volunteer to recede entirely from the Senate sugar schedule, leav-ing both raw and refined sugar on the free list, as provided in the House bill, and that the Senate bill should be otherwise accepted virtually in its present shape, with both coal and from on the dutiable list at the rate of 40

In urging this upon the conferees he said it In urging this upon the conferees he said it would necessarily produce one of three results. If it should be declined by the House conferees it would place the responsibility for the sugar duty upon them. If it should be accepted and the Senate should on this account refuse to adopt the committee's report the House conferees would still bear the odium for insisting upon amending the Senate bill.

"If, thirdly," he said, "they should accept, if a report should be made upon these lines, and if the report should be accepted by both houses and become a law, we should all be

The conferees adopted the suggestion and presented the proposition to the afternoon ession of the conference between the memsession of the conference between the members of the two houses. It is understood that the proposition ereated some surprise on the part of the House members, who at first evinced a disposition to accept it, but after even considerable disposition to accept it, but after even completed. considerable discussion of the merits of this feature of the proposition and of the other features, involving the acceptance of the other Senate amendments, declined to vouchsafe an auswer without further consideration The question was therefore undisposed of when the conference adjourned for the day. The Republican Senators were also in con-sultation with the Senatorial tariff conferees during the day, and, it is understood, have given notice that if there is material change In the more important schedules relating to manufactured articles they will resist the im-

manufactured articles they will resist the im-mediate disposition of the committee's report, when made, and have stated that in that event more tariff oratory may be expected. The House conferces have their side of the situation to tell. Chairman Wilson authorfixed the statement at the close of the confer ence that the reports current during the day to the effect that President Cleveland had interfored with the informal agreement reached Wednesday night were wholly unwarranted and untrue. Mr. Wilson said the executive was carefully refraining from exerting any in fluence on the conferees and was leaving the members to shape their courses as they saw fit. The chairman called on the President occasionally, he said, but it was not very often, and at these times Mr. Cleveland showed a delicacy in saying or doing anytion of executive or administration influence on the work of the conferees,

the misunderstandings throughou the day the House men understood when the conference adjourned Wednesday night that the Senators had conceded that either iron ore or coal was to go on the free list. other remaining on the dutable list. While the House men had given no definite an-nouncement of their choice between the two items, it was generally understood that they would prefer to have iron ore on the free list. When, however, they entered the conference yesterday they had concluded among then selves that it would be preferable to coal on the free list, leaving iron ore dutiable at 40 cents a ton. This conclusion was defi-nitely announced to the Senators, but the House men were surprised to find that the willingness to concede them the choice was somewhat abated.

BANEFUL INFLUENCE OF SUGAR MEN. What had caused the change was not made clear, but in discussing it last night the House conferces said with no little feeling that it was clearly due to the influence of those interested in the sugar schedule, and was apparently another effort to involve the informal agreement on sugar reached last week. Whether the difficulty would be solved to-day or would be declared off entirely was not clear to the House conferees. In the of an understanding on coal and iron to-day the House conferees expressed the hope that the Republican conferees might be called in late in the day or on Saturday, al-though the differences developed on coal and fron, as well as on some of the other sched-ules, made the chances of a full conference

somewhat less hopeful.

Troops Will Be Withdrawn, Onana, Neb.r, Aug. 9.—The Union Pacific main line between Omaha and Ogden will be free from the protection of troops by the end of the week. Gen. Brooks has summoned back to their posts the last of the soldiers remaining along the overland road. Advices received to-day in the Department of the Platte indicate that all the victous element among the strikers in Montana have departed and that all troops in that vicinity can return.

CAMPING IN THE BASTILE.

Over One Hundred Coxeyites Arrested at Highlands and the Roslyn Contingent Expecting Similar Treatment.

With the exception of three men, who were left to take off the tents and wagons, the entire force of Coxeyites, more than 100 men, encamped at Highlands, in Maryland, were arrested vesterday morning and sent to the

Workhouse.

The arrests were made upon complaints of citizens of the neighborhood, and each man was accused of being a vagrant.

Among the number arrested were Marshal McKee and Christopher Columbus Jones. All were arraigned before Justice Cox, of Hyattsville, who sentenced each to ninety days' confinement.

ville, who sentenced each to ninety days' con-finement.

Frequent meetings were held yesterday at the Roslyn camp, opposite Georgetown.

What was done at these meetings was not di-vulged by the men, but enough was gleaned by a Truzs reporter last night to warrant the statement that the object of the secret confer-ences was to outline a course of action in case a move is made by the Virginia authori-ties similar to the one so successfully carried out in Maryland. out in Maryland.

out in Maryiand.

A representative of Gov. O'Ferrall visited the camp yesterday and notified the men that they must vacate by 12 o'clock to-day. It is also understood that the Virginia authorities are conferring with the District officials, with a view to dispersing the men.

A mass-meeting was held last night at the Virginia end of the Aquednet Bridge and four speeches were made. It was not disguised that the leaders expect a visit from the constables to-day, and an invitation was extended everybody to be present and witness the "parade."

The majority of the men will be there should the officers make the expected raid. Some are now arranging for transportation to their homes, and if enabled to do so, will go quietly away. The others invite arrest. They said openly in the meeting last night that for every "hobo" jailed there would be 1,000 added to their ranks. They jeer at the proposed effort to break up the army, and in their speeches State and national officials were characterized as "asses," "tramps," "tyrants," and in other like epithets derided.

like epithets derided.

The present movement in Roslyn camp is political. The leaders expect to have a lot of voting done next fall against both "the old parties," and say the next time they march on Washington they will come 1,000,000 strong, will sit on the grass, go up the Capitol steps, and swarm in the certidors.

WITH NO ONE NEAR HIM.

Dr. Michener Died from an Apopleotic Stroke at the American House.

Dr. Charles B. Michener, a prominent veterinary physician of this city, was found dend in bed at the American House, Pennsylvania avenue, near Seventh street northwest,

Dr. Michener returned to Washington at a late hour on Wednesday night from a professional visit to Maryland, and it being too late to take a car for Takoma, where he resided, went to the American House. After registering he was assigned to an upper room. As he did not appear all next day a servant was sent between 5 and 6 o'clock last evening to

arouse him.

As repeated knocking brought no respons the door was forced open and the body of the doctor was found on the bed stiff and cold in death. Its appearance indicated that the man had been dead for several hours. Coroner Hammett expressed the opinion that death had resulted from apoplexy. The body was sent to Lee's undertaking rooms to be prepared for burial. He leaves a widow, but no children.

Dr. Michener was a native of Doylestown, Pa. and came to Washington about six years ago. During the administration of President Harrison Dr. Michener was chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry in the Department of Agriculture. He was also ex-president of the National Veterinary Association, and held the National veerinary Association, and neid honorary positions in many veterinary or-ganizations. His place of business was Nos. 208 and 210 Eleventh street northwest, where he had just completed a substantial business for the Washington Veterinary College, whose first session was to begin on October 1. He was a professor in the institution and dean of the faculty.

Since coming to Washington he had been

CRACK SHOTS FOR SEA GIRT.

District Militia Arranging to Attend the

Members of the District Brigade, the Sec ond Regiment, and the Sixth Battalion rifle teams met at Center Market Armory last night to talk over the trip to Sea Girt, N. J., where they will engage in a shooting contest for the championship of the United States, in competition with some of the crack teams of

the country.

Major George H. Haines, inspector of rifle
practice for the Second Regiment, presided at
the meeting and stated that the matches will begin September 3, and continue for on

week.

The railway rate will not be more than \$5 for the round trip, and board may be had at a reasonable figure. Tents and blankets will be furnished by the New Jersey militia. From present appearances the District mili-tia will be represented by a larger number of expert rifle shots than have ever before gone

Strikers Starving, Yet Hopeful. CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—The great Corliss engine in the Pullman shops was operated to-day for the first time in three months. Two more departments were opened and about 950 men were at work. The strike leaders still hope for victory, and have sent telegrams to almost every labor organization in the coun-try stating that the strike will be won if it can

In the Field of Politics. Carter Tale, of the Ninth Georgia district, has been renominated unanimously for Con-

be continued awhile. The messages asked for money and stated that the strikers are

The Sixth Iowa district Democrats have cominated ex-State Senator Taylor, of Davis County, for Congress.

George C. Pendleton was yesterday renom-inated for Congress by the Democrats of the Seventh Texas district. Charles L. Moses, from the Fourth Georgia district, was renominated for Congress last

The Democrats of the Ninth Virginia dis trict yesterday nominated Judge H. S. K. Morrison to succeed "Cyclone" Jim Marshal

night on the 316th ballot.

The Republicans of the Fifth Virginia dis trict have nominated G. W. Cornett, of Gray-son county, for Congress. There will be no fusion with the Populists.

George Washington Farris was nominated for Congress in the Eighth Indiana district by the Republican convention to-day, defeat-ing Col. Thomas H. Nelson, ex-minister to Chili and Mexico.

The Populists of the Sixth Maryland district met at Rockville yesterday and nominated Horace Risley, of Allegany county, for Congress. Congressmen Pence, of Colorado, who drew up the platform of the convention, and Congressman Boen, of Minnesota, were present.

The Maryland State Prohibition convention yesterday made the following congressional nominations: Second district, J. D. Parker, Baltimore: Fifth district, Col. J. C. Lee, of Prince George's County, for short term, and William H. Silk, of Anne Arundel, for long term, and Sixth district, Aibert O. Shoemaker, Montgomery County.

from President Cleveland in the name of the United States is on the way from Washington to President Dole, of the Hawaiian republic.

The recognition of the new republic was finally decided upon this week and the message was framed and mailed on yesterday through the regular channels. Although the sustomary secreey which attends diplomatic matters has surrounded the relations of the United States with the Hawaiian republic since that country assumed its new form of government, it is learned on the best author ity that there has never been any doubt of President Cleveland's course in the matter and of his recognition of the new government of Hawaii as a de facto government.

A few days ago a letter was received from President Dole conveying the formal anouncement of the proclamation of the republic and the inauguration of the new government. This letter was laid before the Cabinet, and has been under consideration, while the House Committee on Foreign Affairs was debating whether it should report a resolution for recognition.

With the letter of greeting to Presiden Dole, which, of course, passes through the hands of Migister Willis, was sent a letter to Minister Willis ratifying his action in pro-visionally extending the usual recognition to

RECOGNIZED BY GRESHAM. Mr. Frank P. Hastings, who in the absence of Minister Thurston is charge d'affairs at the Hawatian legation here, has had an interview with Secretary Gresham and was told that he had been formally recognized as the represent-

had been formally recognized as the representative of the new government.
Chairman McCreary, of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, says that it is not customary to give publicity to diplomatic correspondence until it has reached its destination. Consequently the letter to President Dole will not be made public until sufficient ime has passed for its reception, when a copy will be forwarded to Congress with a copy of the message received from him. This is the usual course of diplomatic procedure, but the fact that the existence of the correspondence has become known may induce the President to make it public.

There is a parallel between Brazil and Hawaii in these latest developements. History

Incre is a parallel between Brasil and Hawaii in these latest developements. History repeats itself in this case. Soon after Brani had changed to a republican form of govern-ment a resolution was introduced in the House ty Mr. McCreary, now chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, for recognition, the Democrats thinking that President Harrison delayed action, unreasonably. Before the delayed action unreasonably. Before the committee could take action on the resolu-tion, however, Congress was notified that the President had recognized the new govern-

It is stated by the friends of the administra tion that at no time has the President enter-tained any thought of withholding recognition beyond a reasonable time, nor has he any de-sire to leave President Dole and the other members of the administration long in doubt as to his views and purposes with respect to the new government. Friends of the Presi-dent who shared his views and approved his course in disavowing the action of our repre-sentatives in Hawaii prior to and during the revolution still declare that the new govern-

SENT WILLIS HIS CREDENTIALS. This has been done by sending to Mr. Willis his credentials accrediting him to the new government, which was necessary from the

ists.

The proceedings as to the legation here were simple and formal. Minister Thurston on starting for Hawaii had left Secretary Hastings as charge d'affaires ad interim for the provisional government of Hawaii. By the same mail which conveyed to the State Department Mr. Willis' notice that he had recognized the new republic of Hawaii Mr. Hastings received his credentials as charge d'affaires ad interim for the republic. These were from Mr. Hatch, the Hawaiian minister of foreign affairs, directed to Secretary Gresham.

ham.

Mr. Hastings laid his credentials before the State Department and day before yesterday received the usual notice stating that the Department had received his credentials and recognized him as the ad interim representative of the Hawaiian republic. The note was couched in the regular formal style in which the department recognizes all charges assuming direction of the business of a legation. Mr. Hasting will therefore look after Hawaiian affairs here until Minister Thurston returns, which will probably be after the Congressional elections next October.

When the Committee on Foreign Affairs met yesterday Chairman McCreary announced the action of the President. This announcement did not have the effect, however, of withdrawing Mr. Boutelle's resolution.

Speeches were made by Messrs. Van Voorhis, Hitt, Blair, and Draper, of the Republicans, and by Mr. Geary, who continued to support the resolution. Chairman McCreary took the ground that no action was necessary by Congress in view of the President's letter to President Dole. The Republicans replied that no official notice had been given the committee that the President contemplated taking any steps.

Mr. Tucker made a motion to lay the reso. nm. Mr. Hastings laid his credentials before the

taking any steps.

Mr. Tucker made a motion to lay the res lution on the table, and Mr. Hooker moved to adjourn. The motion to adjourn was carried, 7 to 5. This action is thought to end the mater, for no more meetings of the committee

SQUELCHED MR. BOUTELLE.

His Plaint About Hawaii Disturbed the House and Provoked the Speaker.

The House was treated to another "Bou telle day" yesterday. The Hawaiian speech by Mr. Boutelle was not quite as livid as usual. It lacked the chain-lightning illumi nation, but it was of the same old kind, in which general abuse, calling for interference by the Speaker was as conspicuous as usual.

Mr. Boutelle began by rising to a question of privilege. His plaint was that his resolutions for the recognition of the Hawaiian republic had been turned over to the committee on foreign affairs. He added with an insinuation that it had been said that Mr. Geary had declared the purpose of the resolutions to be for political effect. He repudiated and denounced any such suggestion.

Then Mr. Boutelle began to grow hot and abusive. He stated with great vigor that Secretary Gresham "had sneaked up to the Capitol" to quietly inform Chairman McCreary of the plans of the administration, and was going on to say a good deal more when he was called to order by Mr. Outhwaite for using improper language toward a member of the which general abuse, calling for interference

UNCLE SAM BOWS TO HAWAII

Cabinet. Speaker Crisp conveyed a Zwarning to Mr. Boutelle to keep within the rules.

Loud cries of "vote, vote" resulted in Mr. Boutelle statement being declared not a question of privilege. Mr. Boutelle, however, refused to submit and was attempting to argue the question with the Speaker when the latter ordered him to take his seat, saying as he did so that the guise of a question of provilege he had gone far beyond anything effecting himself personally, and he must know from his long experience that he had transgressed the rules. Finally the Speaker ordered him to take his seat.

Chairman McCreary tried to answer Mr. Boutelle on the plea that his committee had been assailed. Mr. Boutelle promptly inquired whether the resolution and been acted on. This question was not answered, and the Speaker finally ruled that no question of privilege was involved.

"In what way?" asked the Speaker.

"By his manner and words," replied Mr. McCreary.

"It withdraw the manner," interjected Mr.

McCreary.

"I withdraw the manner," interjected Mr.
Boutelle, amid a howl of laughter from all
over the hall. "The gentleman from Kentucky has manner enough for both of us."

JUDGE TALLY DEPOSED.

One of Alabama's Leading Jurists Found to Have Aided and Abetted a Murder. MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 9.-The Supreme Court to-day handed down its decision in the impeachment case of Circuit Court Judge Tally, of Jackson County.

Some months ago a man named Ross was killed at Stevenson, Ala., by two or more Skeltons, the cause being the ruin of their sister by Ross. When Ross attempted to get away from Scottsboro, the Skeltons heard of it, pursued and killed him before he could

it, pursued and killed him before he could take the train at Stevenson.

The ground for impeachment proceedings against Taily, who is a brother-in-faw of the Skeitons, was a telegram which he sent to the telegraph operator at Stevenson directing the operator not to deliver a telegram to Ross from Ross' brother. This was held by those favoring impeachment to make Judgo Taily a party to the killing, while Taily insisted that his telegram was for the purpose of preventing the waylaying and killing of the skeltons, as well as eausing the arrest of Ross before the Skeltons arrived, so that trouble could be averted all around.

the Skeltons arrived, so that trouble could be averted all around.

The opinion concludes as follows:

"And we are impelled to find that John B. Tally aided and abetted the murder of Robert C. Ross, as alleged in the second specification of the second count of the information, and to adjudge that he is guilty, as charged in the specification, and guilty of murder, as charged in said second count." Judgment deposing him from office will be entered on the records of the court.

Associate Justice Head dissented, holding that there was a reasonable doubt as to Judge Tally's intentions. The impeachment of so distinguished a man as Judge Tally makes a

distinguished a man as Judge Tally makes a profound impression. He was regarded as an able judge and had been unusually popu-iar.

CLUBS USED ON A MOB.

Thirty Men Hurt in a Charge by the Mil-

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 9.-In a riot to night, resulting when the police attempted to prevent a mass-meeting called to protest against the action of the health authorities, about thirty men were injured and eleven ar-

rests were made.

Probably 4,000 residents, principally of the Eleventh ward, attempted to hold another mass-meeting in violation of the preclamstion issued yesterday by Mayor Koch, in which he forbade the holding of public

which he forbade the holding of public gatherings on the south side.

The people had been made deflant by the incendiary speeches at the mass-meeting on Wednesday, and when the small squad of police that had been sent there early in the evening tried to peaceably disperse the crowds that collected on the sidewalks they resisted. Later squads of from thirty to forty people came from all directions and gathered on the triangle. The small squad was powerless, and re-enforcements were sent for. When about 100 policemen in charge of Chief of Police Jansen had arrived the mob was charged.

them at the officers. The mob was finally

Shipping Commissioner Refuses to Allow Himself to Be Removed.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 9 .- Shipping Comm ioner Dryden, who was yesterday removed by Secretary Carlisle, said to a News reporter

out making a fight. If necessary I shall carry the case to the Supreme Court of the United States. The shipping merchants of Baltimore have given me their indorsement, and several have advised me not to leave the office. I have always discharged the duties of the office to the satisfaction of the shipping men,

and I will stay right here."

About a year ago the Secretary called for Mr. Dryden's resignation and was about to appoint Mr. Kirwan, when Mr. Dryden fatly refused to resign, claiming that he had properly discharged his duties and the Secretary had no recent to recent the secretary.

The appointment of Mr. Kirwan was with-drawn and the officials of the Treasury De-partment began to investigate their authority under the iaw. This investigation resulted in the removal of Mr. Dryden.

SANK INTO THE GROUND. Three Blocks of Scranton Houses Wrecked

by the Caving of a Mine. SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 9.-A mine underlying part of the western portion of this city caved in this afternoon for a distance of three blocks, affecting property to the extent of \$250,000 and causing an excitement which almost verged on panic among the residents of the locality. The cave-in was caused by rob

Suddenly, with scarcely a moment's warn-Suddenly, with scarcely a moment's warning, a large section of the roof fell, carrying the upper surface with it, emitting a thunderous report which could be heard for miles. The property sunk from one inch to four feet, twenty-eight houses were wrecked, and the inhabitants are desperate from their loss and fear another cave-in. No one was at work in the mines when the accident happened.

Bearded the Bear in His Den. PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 9.-A cablegram wa eccived to-night from Dr. Joseph Krauskopf, rabbi of the Synagogue Kenneth Israel, stating that he had arrived safe and well in Lu zerne. Switzerland, after a three and a half race there, in the face of a Russian edict for-bidding Jews to enter the country.

Mosea, Col., Aug. 9.-A most surprising strike of free milling gold ore has been made in the Annio lode, fifteen miles east of here, by the Fullenwider brothers. Assays have been made with the astonishing result of \$42,000 per ton. The gold is found in a honeycomb quartz, easily worked, almost crushing in the hand. Much of it is visible

THEIR CRY AGAIN IS FRAUD

Kolb Leaders Issue an Address to the People of Alabama.

CLIMAX HAS BEEN REACHED

Situation Enforces Responsibilities That Must Not Be Shirked-Adherents of the Faction Urged to Hold Meetings on August 23 and Decide Upon What Action to Take.

BIRMINGHAM, Ain., Aug. 9.—The conference of Kolb leaders, which convened yesterday, finished their labors to-day. They have been consulting on the situation and discussing a plan of action. The following address to the people was given out as the result of their "To the People of Alabama: The campaign

committee of the Jeffersonian Democracy and the Peoples' party of Alabama have been instructed by a conference of our State candidates, the leading supporters of that ticket, and the State executive committee to promulgate the following:

gate the following:

"The election returns, as reported by the press and supporters of the ticket, headed by Col. Oates, snow a repetition of the election frauds of 1892 with less protext and absolutely without the least se ubiance of justification, in order to overcome legitimate majorities for our ticket in forty-one white counties. These false and fraudulent majorities aggregate 34,107, from filteen black belt counties. In 1892 these same black belt counties aggregated majorities of 29,669.

"In addition to this frauds nave been perpetrated in white counties of on these than 15,000. With the consummation of these has also been brought forth four or five fraudulent elections of senators and eleven or twelve fraudulent elections of senators and eleven or twelve fraudulent elections in the general assembly. This outrageous action, intensified by the impudence and effrontry with which it has been done, displays a disregard of public sentiment, in such a brazen manner, that it seems to have been intended to alid insult to injury.

ACCEPT NO PLEDGES OR PROMISES. "The law under which the election of 1892 was held, which was devised to assure the perpetration of fraud with ease, facility, and safety, has been amended by the Sayre inw, safety, has been amended by the Sayre inw, the purposes of which were to disfranchise illiterate voters and to assure the perpetration of greater frauds by the election just held, and has been known and intended by the usurper who exercises the functions of Governor, illustrated by his remark when he signed that bill. A contest law was promised to allay and prevent a popular uprising in 1892, to be broken in the most shameful manner, and the perfidy and treachery displayed was afterward boasted of as a fine piece of legerdomain.

was alterward boasted of as a line piece of legordensin.

"We admonish our people not to accept promises nor piediges from those who have proven themselves recreant to every requirement of law, to every demand of honor, and to every exaction of duty. They demonstrated that they are enemies to liberty and republican institutions. In the face of the fact that only a few mentls are the process. fact that only a few months ago the proposi-tion to submit to a State primary, in which only white voters should participate, which was afterward so amended as to meet the supposed wishes of Oates' followers by elimi-nating white Republicans, which they denating white Republicans, which they de-clined to accept upon a specious excuse that was an afterthought and very puerile, com-bined with the fact that only 42,000 votes were poiled in the State primary that brought out the full strength of that party, they now claim, urge, and insist upon the most extravagant and ridiculous figures as correct and true.

as correct and true.

KOLD UNDOUBTEDLY ELECTED. "The conditions in this State have reached a climax. There is no doubt that the State ticket, headed by Capt. Kelb, has been elected. The alternative is presented of subthe mob was charged.

Under the command of Chief Jansen, the police used their clubs, and drove the mob in all directions. Those in the crowd had no intention of leaving the scene of disturbance, are response from manhood or silent submisand after marching up side streets for half a block, returned armed with stones and threw them at the officers. The mob was finally dispersed.

HE STICKS LIKE GLUE.

Shipping Commissioner Refuses to Allow. do not advise fighting or lawlessness of any kind, but the crisis has arisen that the sover-eign power shall assert itself to compel un-worthy servants of its will to submit to its power and recognize its authority. "Your committee recognizes that it has been entrusted with certain duties and that

been entrusted with certain duties and that its powers are circumscribed, and it feels au-thorized only in going to the extent of advis-ing and urging those whom it represents to exercise the power vested in them and hold meetings on Thursday, the 23d of August, at the respective courthouses, if not otherwise specified, to act upon this great crisis and to insist that that manhood, patriotism, and love of liberty which has always evoked prompt and decisive action from them shall find expression in their course that will be creditable to their Revolutionary sires and furnish a precedent in our history to which all will ever precedent in our history to which all will ever

revert with pride and satisfaction.

"At the same time and place we would urge the organization of law and order leagues to uphold the supremacy of that greatest of all law and power—the sovereign will of a free world and power—the sovereign will of a free sovereign will people.
"Upon the adjournment of these meetings

reports of the proceedings should be fur nished immediately to W. H. Skaggs, chair nished immediately to W. H. Skaggs, chai man, Birmingham, Ala.

"W. H. Skaggs,

"Chairman Central Campaign Committee,

"A. T. Goodwin,

"Chairman Jeffersonian Executive Com.

Мемриіs, Aug. 9.—A special from Birmingnam says: Kolb announces that he will go to

Montgomery and organize dual state govern

Somebody Blundered.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 9 .- The large iron enisson which closed the dock at Mare Island Navy Yard broke from its fastenings ast night and fell outward, sinking out of eight. Through carelessness a large quantity of water was let in the big basin after the docking of the United States steamship Thetis. When the tille went out the weight of the water inside forced the heavy caisson outward, tearing it from the fastenings. The caisson was built ten years ago at a cost of \$55,000. It is likely there will be a court of inquiry to fix the blame for the accident.

Twenty-two Hours Ahead of Time BURLINGTON, Iowa, Aug. 9.—The Washing on-Denver relay race reached Roseville, Ilis at 4:40 p. m. to-day, and passed Gladston at 4:80 p. m. to-day, and passed Gladstone, Ills., at 6.30. The rider was delayed by Illinois sandy bottoms, reaching the end of the Burlington bridge at 7:45. George Prugh and Gus Jordan, for the Burlington Club, took the message to Agency Hill, and passod a given point in Burlington city at 7:52 p. m. The relay is expected at Mount Piessant at 10 p. m. It is now twenty-two hours ahead of schedule time.

Prof. Langley Honored. London, Aug. 9.—In connection with the

ceting of the British Association the degree of D. C. L., honoris causa, will be conferred upon Prof. Samuel Pierpont Langley, the dis-tinguished astronomer, of Washington.

incendiary Talk at the Colored Voters Convention Regarding Southern Lynchings.

New Castle, Pa., Aug. 9 .- The second day's session of the colored voters' convention was a noisy one throughout, the two factions keeping up a constant wrangle.

Prof. House, of Kane, Pa., was elected

Prof. House, of Kane, Pa., was elected president of the permanent organization.

Mr. Rutherford, of McKean county, made a motion that the convention endorse the entire State Republican ticket. Dr. W. D. Clinton, of Pittsburg, opposed the motion. He said he was race first and party second, that if the lynchings in the south did not stop, the country would run blood. If Debs, with a handful of men, could stop the country the 8 000 000 of col.

run blood. If Debs, with a handful of men, could stop the country, the 8,000,000 of colored people, with guns in their hands, could compel the country to give them their rights. The resolution was carried.

The lynching of colored people in the South was denounced and the government was condemned for sending soldiers to Chicago in the case of the railroad riots when it refused to do the same to suppress mabs of lynchers. the case of the rairoad riors when it refused to do the same to suppress mobs of lyachers in the South. It was decided to appoint a committee of five to wait on the President and Congress and ask that laws be passed and enforced giving the colored man his

and enforced giving the colored man his rights in every State.

The hottest discussion of the convention came up when a resolution was offered endersing the national, State and county Republican ticket everywhere in the United States. The lie was passed several times during the discussion. A vote was taken and the chair decided the resolution carried. The convention is still in session at 11 o'clock.

STRAINED, BUT MORE QUIET. Strikers at Omaha Held in Check by a

Strikers at Omaha Held in Check by a Force of Deputies.

Oxaha, Neb., Aug. 2.—While the situation is quite strained, it appears on the surface to be more quiet than last night.

Quite a crowd of new men arrived on the Burlington this evening, and a squad of special policemen were sent from Cudaby's to escort them to the house. Three or four strikers' pickets who were mounted on horses hastened to their headquarters and notified the leafers. A crowd went out to meet the new men, but the special police would not let the strikers get near enough to talk to them, and beyond some muttered threats nothing was said.

As a workman was passing from the packing house to-night two of the men took after him. He started to run, and in a few seconds one of the men was after him, shouting "scab" and other vite epithets. First one striker would bit the man and then another He was knoezeddown and ficked. He managed to defend himself so as to get away. After he was beaten and chased for two blocks the police finally got the sassult. Capt. Conneil held a revolver in each hand and swore he would shoot the first man who continued the fight. The police escorted the man home. Later he said that he would go to work in the morning and that it meant death to the man who assaulted him while he was minding his own business. The conduct of the strikers in this case is criticised severely. and then another. He was knocked down and kicked. He managed to defend himself so as to get away. After he was beaten and chased for two blocks the police finally got between the mob and the man and stopped the assault. Capt. Conneil held a revolver in each hand and swore he would shoot the first man who continued the fight. The police escorted the man home. Later he said that he would go to work in the morning and that it meant death to the man who assaulted him while he was minding his own business. The conduct of the strikers in this case is criticised severely.

ADMINISTRATION IGNORED.

All Reference to It Eliminated From the

un nomination the following ticket:
Congressman, H.A. Coffen, of Sheridan; Governor, W. H. Halliday, of Laramie; Secretary
of State, D. W. Gill, of Cheyenne; Auditor, J.
M. Fenwich, of Laramie; Superintendent of
Public Instruction, A. J. Matthews, of Rock
Springs; Judge of Supreme Court, S. T. Corn,
of Evanston.

WHITE-WINGED PEACES

t Hovers Over New York Democracy

Which Will Convene in Saratoga. SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 9.—September 25 and Saratoga are the date and place determined upon for the holding of the Democratic State convention, White-winged peace spread its pinions over the Grand Union Hotel to-night when the Democratic State committee met, and instead of bickerings and quar rels, differences in policy and methods of handling the campaign predicted by the prophets of the State, there was held one of the shortest

of the State, there was held one of the shortest meetings on record, and not a dissenting voice on the various resolutions presented.

After a session of less than one hour the committee adjourned to meet in Saratoga on Monday evening, September 24, at 8 o'clock.

Lieut, Gov. Sheehan said that a resolution concerning primaries was adopted by the committee in the hope that all party differences would be settled in the primaries, and that so far as the mission of delegates was concerned there would be no controversy.

accrned there would be no controversy. GOOD COUNSEL FOR ALL MEN.

enator Gibson's Posthumous Advice to His Sons How to Guard Character.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9 .- The will of United States Senator Gibson, of Louisiana, ha been filed here as well as in his State, as he has some property here. After making several bequests to relatives and friends he gives the residue of his estate to his three sons, Montgomery, Tobias, and Preston.

He advises them that the only thing that is

more difficult to build up than an independ-ent fortune is character, which is more easily lost, and the only safeguard of character, he continues, are the Ten Commandments and the "Sermon on the Mount."

Telegraphic Brevities. The mother of Richard Croker died at be residence on Staten Island last night. Supt. Byrnes, of New York, y charged five police sergeants with

Funeral services over the remains of Waiter Price, a notorious pickpocket, were held yes-terday in New York. The yearly meeting of the National Society

The yearly meeting of the National Society of Friends is in progress at Chappaqua, N.Y., and will last one week. Ex-State Senator Sloan, nominee for Con gressman-at-large on the Democratic ticket is dying at his home at Indiana, Pa., of quie

The Consolidation Company, at Frostburg, Md., has notified all the miners who stuck to their posts during the late protracted strike that they will each receive nine months' rent and fuel free.

and mer ree.

Judge Caswell Bennett, chief justice of th
Kentucky court of appeals, died very sud
denly yesterday morning from the effects of
rheumatism. He was a candidate for re-election at the November election.

COUNTRY WILL RUX IN BLOOD. LI HUNG CHANG'S JACKET

He is in Undisturbed Possession of that Precious Garment.

VICEROYS MUST FURNISH CASH

ecretary Gresham Puzzled What to De About the Request to Send Supplies of Provisions to the Needy Koreans-Steps Taken by the Resident Minister.

LONDON, Aug. 9.-A dispatch to a news sgency from Tien Tsin states that the Emperor has directed that a levy be made upon the various viceroys for a war tribute.

The correspondent of the Times at Tien Tsin declares that the report that the rank and privileges of the viceroy, Li Hung Chang, have been reduced by imperial command is entirely unfounded.

The report that the Chinese General Year was killed in a battle with Japanese forces at Asan is also declared to be untrue. A further dental is made of the report that the Chinese steamer Kwang Hi has been sunk.

The English colony at Tien Tsin bave signed a petition to the home government reuesting that British gunboats be sent to that The Chinese government has ordered all

PROVISIONS FOR KOREA. Secretary o some has received from the Christian cierald, of New York, the applica-All Reference to It Eliminated From the Platform of Wyoming Democrats.

CHEVENNE, WYO., Aug. 9.—In the Democratic State convention the committee on resolutions submitted a modification of the resolution offered denouncing the attempt of the administration to place the country on a gold basis. The committee eliminated all references to the admistration.

The platform adopted favors free and unlimited coinage of sliver at the ratio of 16 to I, denounces the Democratic supporters of the tartif bill, and pronounces the Wisson bill only a partial fulfilment of the pledges of the last Democratic maticani convention, declared to in the morning dispatches, for a government as hip to transport 1,000 harrers of flour to Korea. This is the first notice the Department has had that any unusual measure of distress and deprivation the officials do not see how so small a quantity of grain, which the Koreans searcely know the officials do not see how so small a quantity of grain, which the Koreans searcely know and Japanese soldiers now occupying Korea are generally living on the country, so that in the protective association in politics, and urges prompt action to settle the affairs of the Union Pacific Railroad. tion referred to in the morning disputches, last Democratic national convention, declares in favor of electing Senators by popular votes, co-decam sthe protective association in politics, and urges prompt action to settle the affairs of the Union Pacific Railroad.

The Democratic caucus, after twelve hours wrangling, not only failed to fix up a ticket but receded from the nominations already agreed upon.

At 6 o'clock the caucus adjourned until 8 o'clock. At that hour the convention reassembled, and finally succeeded in placing in nomination the following ticket:

Congressman, H.A. Coffen, of Sheridan; Governments of the convention of the carries of the convention reassembled. At the hour the convention reassembled and finally succeeded in placing in nomination the following ticket: freight. An effort was made during the Rus-sian famine to secure a war vessel to carry over supplies from the United States, but so unsuitable was the eraft found, that the plan

> was chartered for the trip. SEEKING TO AID THEIR COUNTRYMEN. The officials of the Korean legation are themselves taking steps looking to the shipment to Korea of any supplies that may be donated by the people of this coun-try. For this purpose the good offices of the American Trading Company, of New York, have been invoked, and it has been asked to look after the practical details of the movement. This company, however, owns no steamers, but has branch houses owns no steamers, but has branch houses in Korea, Japan and China. Replying to the request, it has promised to do everything possible to promote the movement. The legetion officials have telegraphed to San Francisco, making inquiry as to the rates, etc., for securing a vessel to early the donations to Korea, but as yet no answer has been received.

was abandoned, and a regular freight steamer

answer has been received.

Mr. Ye Sung Soo, the minister, appreciates the sentiments which actuate the American people in remembering the suffering people of his native country and will thankfully acknowedge all donations received. It is hoped that the response to the appeal for aid will be very cenerous and that the vessel going to Korea will have an abundant eargo. Promises of aid have been received from a member of the New York Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Sevellon A. Brown, formerly chief clerk of the Department of State, is assisting the minister in the correspondence arising in connection. the correspondence arising in connection with the relief movement.

Farmers Will Be Benefited. Delers, Aug. 9 .- It is announced to-day by all the great elevator companies doing business on the Duluth Board of Trade that they will meet the cut of the Great Northern elevators at once. This affects directly 257,000,000 bushels capacity, and will undoubtedly compel the Minneapolis, and possibly the Milwaukee and Chicago systems, 65,000,000 bushels more, to follow. The cut goes into

effect to-morrow. Crimes and Casualties. By an inceneiary fire at Anoka, Minn., Wednesday night, property valued at \$15,000

was destroyed. Fire at Gifford, Ill., early yesterday morn-ing, destroyed two grain elevators, the Illi-nois Central depot, and almost the whole business part of the town.

Charles Miller, awaiting trial in New York for the murder of August Loeffler, cut his throat in the Toombs yesterday, and will probably die.

George N. Hinckley, deputy auditor of Fatha county, Idaho, has been arrested on a charge of forging county warrants, ranging in amount from \$6,000 to \$15,000. By the burning of the summer cottage of Charles Hollenbeck, of Rockford, Ill., at Lauderdale Lake yesterday, Miss Sadie Fallon, of Rockford, was burned to death and Mrs. Hollenbeck's mother, Mrs. Brown, fatally burned.

fatally burned. fatally burned.

Dr. Warford Nixon, of Riegelsville, N. J., who is charged with being the father and having murdered an infant found in a corn field mear Riegelsville on Monday, and who fied when the coroner's inquest was in session, was yesterday arrested at his home and taken to Flemington. He acknowledges being the father of the child, but says that he did not murder it.